
ÉPREUVE D'ADMISSION : Vendredi 31 mars 2017

Centres
de BLOIS/BORDEAUX/LILLE/MARSEILLE/VERSAILLES

Epreuve d'anglais pour l'admission
Coefficient 1

***Durée : 1 heure**

***Notation sur 40 points ramenés à une note sur 20 lors de la correction.**

***Une note inférieure à 7/20 est éliminatoire.**

(Arrêté du 9 janvier 2015 relatif aux modalités d'admission dans la formation conduisant au diplôme d'Etat de paysagiste)

Reporter ici votre n° de candidat

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A - Multiple choice test: circle the correct answer (15 points)

Please note: the symbol Ø means no word is necessary to fill in the blank.

1- If the authorities had considered this community garden for development, it

_____.

will not be preserved
was never preserved

cannot be preserved
could not have been preserved

2- The green corridor _____ so as to attract more visitors to the waterfront.
must redesign will redesign must be redesigned has redesigned

3- When a neighborhood _____, architects can retrofit buildings with green roofs.

is over-densified over-densify density was densified

4- _____ nature into urban design will help us make our cities more sustainable.

Integrating Minimize Expansion Progress

5- We've _____ so much time clearing this parcel and now the city intends to sell it! What a let-down!

passed past happened spent

6- The urban farm is located twenty miles _____ the historic center.

over away from above for

7- The authorities and the gardeners must sign the agreement _____ 10 am tomorrow.

in previous far by

8- The trees _____ are wind resilient will be planted along the lake.

whom who what that

9- Green Thumb has been supervising the development of 400 gardens _____ without any major glitch. As a result, the authorities have agreed to subsidize their new management program.

for three years since three years three years ago before three years

10- _____ twenty vacant lots open for redevelopment in this suburb.

There is There are Their There

11- The Deputy Director is responsible _____ organizing park maintenance systems.

Ø of for off

12- The stakeholders discussed _____ the possibility of regenerating Holyrood Park.

of in Ø at

13- The committee seemed interested _____ your proposal.

Ø on of in

14- The mayor intends to develop specific planning _____ favoring sustainable development in the most blighted neighborhoods.

politics political policies politician

15- The revitalized docklands will offer _____ housing units with backyard gardens.

three story three stories three upstairs three stages

What is a “biophilic city”?

A biophilic city is a natureful city. It puts nature at the core of its design and planning, not as an afterthought or an ornament. It’s key to everything that happens in the city.

It’s the idea that we’re hard-wired to need connections to the natural world. We carry with us ancient brains, and to be happy and healthy and have meaningful lives, we need that connection with nature. And we can’t just get it on a holiday for a week or two during summer. It has to be integrated into our daily lives — everyday nature where we live and work. Nature we experience every hour.

A biophilic city also works hard to foster those connections and the engagement of people with nature. You could live in a natureful city and not be very connected to it. So it's everything from encouraging participation in urban nature walks or spending time outside to joining birding clubs and being engaged and caring about the nature around you. It's fostering an interest and curiosity about nature.

And how we get there is different than when we think about sustainable cities. We've been using that language frame for a couple of decades, and it emphasizes things like energy conservation, reducing your footprint, finding ways to live compactly, walking, bicycling and transit. Those are all important to us, but many of those things don't necessarily represent a positive image of the place we want to live in. Bicycling and transit and compact urban form do, but things like energy efficient buildings are not particularly inspiring. Biophilic cities is a little different in that way because the emphasis is on imagining places we want to live that are full of nature.

Excerpted and adapted from a cityscope.org interview of Professor Timothy Beatley, founder of the Biophilic Cities Network, a global group of cities working at making nature a bigger part of the urban experience.

B - Written comprehension (10 points)

Read the text above and answer the following questions. Do not repeat the text word for word:

1 - According to Timothy Beatley, what is the best strategy to integrate nature into urban life? **(6 points)**

2 - How does the concept of biophilic cities differ from sustainability? **(4 points)**

C - Essay writing (ten lines - 15 points)

Based on the information provided in the text *What is a "biophilic city"?*, explain to what extent you feel connected to nature in the urban environment. Can you be satisfied with keeping a passive approach or do you need to feel more involved?

Write the essay in your own words.

FIN DE L'ÉPREUVE